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## Amendment to H.R. 2763 Offered by Mr. Lipinski of Illinois

At the end of the bill, add the following:

## 1SEC. 7. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION INNOVATION2CORPS PROGRAM.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

4 (1) The National Science Foundation Innova5 tion Corps program (in this section referred to as
6 the "I-Corps program"), created administratively by
7 National Science Foundation in 2011 and statutorily
8 authorized in the American Innovation and Competi9 tiveness Act, has succeeded in increasing the com10 mercialization of government funded research.

(2) I-Corps provides valuable entrepreneurial
education to graduate students and postdoctoral fellows, providing formal training for scientists and engineers to pursue careers in business, an increasingly common path for advanced degree holders.

(3) The current I-Corps Teams Program is successful in part due to its focus on providing the specific types of support and mentoring entrepreneurs
need based on the early stage of their companies,

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however this support is not available to entre preneurs at later stages.

3 (4) The I-Corps Program's success in the early
4 stages of the innovation continuum should be ex5 panded to offer training to small businesses through6 out all government funded stages of research and
7 development.

8 (5) Existing business accelerators and univer-9 sity technology transfer programs provide an excel-10 lent template for how to train and support early-11 and mid-stage companies in achieving growth, scale, 12 and market entry.

13 (b) I-CORPS PROGRAM TRAINING FOR SBIR AND14 STTR PARTICIPANTS.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National 16 Science Foundation (in this section referred to as 17 the "Director"), in consultation with other Federal 18 agencies required to carry out SBIR or STTR pro-19 grams under section 9 of the Small Business Act, I-20 Corps regional nodes, universities, and public and 21 private entities engaged in technology transfer or 22 commercialization of technologies, shall develop re-23 sources, to include model curriculum, training mate-24 rials, and best practices, to support two entrepre-25 neurial training programs: one program to provide 3

training for small business concerns participating in
phase I of an SBIR or STTR program (in this section referred to as "I-Corps Phase I") and one program to provide training for small business concerns
participating in phase II of an SBIR or STTR program (in this section referred to as "I-Corps Phase
II").

8 (2) PUBLICLY AVAILABLE RESOURCES.—The 9 resources described in paragraph (1) shall be made 10 available to the public at no cost on the public Inter-11 net website of the National Science Foundation.

12 (c) I-CORPS TRAINING SITES.—

13 (1) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—The Director shall 14 develop and maintain eligibility criteria for programs 15 to become accredited training sites to provide train-16 ing to small business concerns under the I-Corps 17 Phase I and Phase II programs using the resources, 18 curriculum, materials, and best practices developed 19 under subsection (b)(1). Programs eligible to apply 20 for such accreditation shall include those operated 21 by universities, State and local governments, non-22 profit organizations, and public-private partnerships. 23 (2) Requirement for federal agencies to 24 PROVIDE TRAINING.—Each Federal agency with an 4

velopment in excess of \$100,000,000 shall make
 available to small business concerns participating in
 the agency's SBIR and, if applicable, STTR pro gram, training from accredited I-Corps Phase I and
 Phase II training sites.

6 (d) DISCRETIONARY TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The
7 Administrator of the Small Business Administration shall
8 ensure that the I-Corps program is designated as a vendor
9 eligible to provide small business concerns engaged in
10 SBIR or STTR projects with technical assistance services
11 under section 9(q) of the Small Business Act.

(e) REGIONAL CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE.—Each ICorps regional node shall become an accredited I-Corps
Phase I and Phase II training site and serve as a regional
center of excellence, continuously improving and maintaining the curriculum over time, and providing support to
other organizations seeking to become accredited I-Corps
training sites as provided in subsection (c)(1).

(f) GAO EVALUATION.—The Comptroller General of
the United States shall commence an evaluation of the ICorps program at all phases, including Phase 0. Such
evaluation shall include—

(1) an assessment of any effect of the I-Corps
program on the commercialization of federally funded research and development;

(2) any such effect on the higher education sys tem; and
 (3) any such effect on regional economies and
 the national economy.

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