AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE  
TO H.R. 4609  
OFFERED BY MS. STEVENS OF MICHIGAN

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the “National Institute of Standards and Technology for the Future Act of 2021”.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.
Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 101. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE II—MEASUREMENT RESEARCH

Sec. 201. Engineering biology and biometry.
Sec. 203. NIST Authority for cybersecurity and privacy activities.
Sec. 204. Software security and authentication.
Sec. 205. Digital identity management research.
Sec. 206. Biometrics research and testing.
Sec. 207. Federal biometric performance standards.
Sec. 208. Protecting research from cyber theft.
Sec. 209. Dissemination of resources for research institutions.
Sec. 211. Neutron scattering.
Sec. 212. Quantum information science.
Sec. 213. Artificial intelligence.

TITLE III—GENERAL ACTIVITIES

Sec. 301. NIST facilities and construction.
Sec. 302. Educational outreach and support for underrepresented communities.
Sec. 303. Other transactions authority.
Sec. 304. Collaborations with government agencies.
Sec. 305. Hiring critical technical experts.
Sec. 306. International standards development.
Sec. 307. Standard technical update.

TITLE IV—HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP

Sec. 401. Establishment of expansion awards pilot program as a part of the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership.
Sec. 402. Update to manufacturing extension partnership.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

(2) FRAMEWORK.—The term “Framework” means the Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology and referred to in Executive Order 13800 issued on May 11, 2017 (82 Fed. Reg. 22391 et seq.).

(3) HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.—The term “historically Black colleges and universities” has the same meaning given to the term “part B institutions” in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).

(4) INSTITUTE.—The term “Institute” means the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

(5) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The term “institution of higher education” has the

(6) **INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS ORGANIZATION.**—The term “International Standards Organization” has the meaning given such term in section 451 of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2571).

(7) **MINORITY SERVING INSTITUTION.**—The term “minority-serving institution’’ means a Hispanic-serving institution, an Alaska Native-serving institution, a Native Hawaiian-serving institutions, a Predominantly Black Institution, an Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution, or a Native American-serving nontribal institution as described in section 371 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).

(8) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Commerce.

(9) **TECHNICAL STANDARDS.**—The term “technical standard” has the meaning given such term in section 12(d)(5) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995.

**TITLE I—APPROPRIATIONS**

**SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

(a) **Fiscal Year 2022.**—
(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce $1,387,070,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2022.

(2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount authorized by paragraph (1)—

(A) $915,570,000 shall be for scientific and technical research and services laboratory activities, of which $9,000,000 may be transferred to the Working Capital Fund;

(B) $140,000,000 shall be for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which $80,000,000 shall be for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs; and

(C) $331,500,000 shall be for industrial technology services activities, of which $275,000,000 shall be for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l) and $56,500,000 shall be for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s).

(b) FISCAL YEAR 2023.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce $1,518,800,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2023.

(2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount authorized by paragraph (1)—

(A) $979,100,000 shall be for scientific and technical research and services laboratory activities, of which $10,000,000 may be transferred to the Working Capital Fund;

(B) $200,000,000 shall be for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which $80,000,000 shall be for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs, including $20,000,000 for IT infrastructure; and

(C) $339,800,000 shall be for industrial technology services activities, of which $283,300,000 shall be for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l) and $56,500,000 shall be for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s).
(c) Fiscal Year 2024.—

(1) In general.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce $1,595,800,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2024.

(2) Specific allocations.—Of the amount authorized by paragraph (1)—

(A) $1,047,600,000 shall be for scientific and technical research and services laboratory activities, of which $12,000,000 may be transferred to the Working Capital Fund;

(B) $200,000,000 shall be for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which $80,000,000 shall be for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs, including $20,000,000 for IT infrastructure; and

(C) $348,200,000 shall be for industrial technology services activities, of which $291,700,000 shall be for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l) and $56,500,000 shall be for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under
section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s).

(d) Fiscal Year 2025.—

(1) In general.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce $1,677,900,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2025.

(2) Specific allocations.—Of the amount authorized by paragraph (1)—

(A) $1,120,900,000 shall be for scientific and technical research and services laboratory activities, of which $15,000,000 may be transferred to the Working Capital Fund;

(B) $200,000,000 shall be for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which $80,000,000 shall be for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs, including $20,000,000 for IT infrastructure; and

(C) $357,000,000 shall be for industrial technology services activities, of which $300,500,000 shall be for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l) and $56,500,000 shall be for the Network
for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s).

(e) FISCAL YEAR 2026.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce $1,765,400,000 for the National Institute of Standards and Technology for fiscal year 2026.

(2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount authorized by paragraph (1)—

(A) $1,199,400,000 shall be for scientific and technical research and services laboratory activities, of which $18,000,000 may be transferred to the Working Capital Fund;

(B) $200,000,000 shall be for the construction and maintenance of facilities, of which $80,000,000 shall be for Safety, Capacity, Maintenance, and Major Repairs, including $20,000,000 for IT infrastructure; and

(C) $366,000,000 shall be for industrial technology services activities, of which $309,500,000 shall be for the Manufacturing Extension Partnership program under sections 25 and 26 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and
23 278l) and $56,500,000 shall be for the Network for Manufacturing Innovation Program under section 34 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s).

**TITLE II—MEASUREMENT RESEARCH**

**SEC. 201. ENGINEERING BIOLOGY AND BIOMETROLOGY.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Director shall—

(1) support basic measurement science, technology research for engineering biology, biomanufacturing, and biometrology to advance—

(A) measurement technologies to support foundational understanding of the mechanisms of conversion of DNA information into cellular function, including both the natural and engineered production of biomolecules;

(B) technologies for measurement of such biomolecular components and for complex engineered biological systems;

(C) new data tools, techniques, and processes to improve engineering biology, biomanufacturing, and biometrology research; and

(D) all other areas deemed by the Director to be critical to the development and deploy-
ment of engineering biology, biomanufacturing
and biometrology;

(2) support activities to inform and expand the
development of measurements infrastructure needed
to develop technical standards to establish interoper-
ability and facilitate commercial development of bio-
molecular measurement technology and engineering
biology applications;

(3) convene industry, institutions of higher edu-
cation, nonprofit organizations, Federal laboratories,
and other Federal agencies engaged in engineering
biology research and development to develop coordi-
nated technical roadmaps for authoritative measure-
ment of the molecular components of the cell;

(4) provide access to user facilities with ad-
vanced or unique equipment, services, materials, and
other resources to industry, institutions of higher
education, nonprofit organizations, and government
agencies to perform research and testing;

(5) establish or expand collaborative partners-
ships or consortia with other Federal agencies en-
gaged in engineering biology research and develop-
ment, institutions of higher education, Federal lab-
oratories, and industry to advance engineering biol-
gy applications; and
support graduate and post graduate research and training in biometry, biomanufacturing, and engineering biology.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the term “Engineering Biology” means the application of engineering design principles and practices to biological systems, including molecular and cellular systems, to advance fundamental understanding of complex natural systems and to enable novel or optimize functions and capabilities.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the policies, processes, or practices of individual Federal agencies in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act relating to the conduct of biomedical research and advanced development, including the solicitation and review of extramural research proposals.

(d) CONTROLS.—In carrying out activities authorized by this section, the Secretary shall ensure proper security controls are in place to protect sensitive information, as appropriate.

SEC. 202. GREENHOUSE GAS MEASUREMENT RESEARCH.

(a) GREENHOUSE GAS MEASUREMENT PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Adminis-
trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall
carry out a measurement research program to in-
form the development of best practices, benchmarks,
methodologies, procedures, and technical standards
for the measurement of greenhouse gas emissions
and to assess and improve the performance of green-
house gas measurement systems.

(2) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out such a pro-
gram, the Director may—

(A) conduct research and testing to im-
prove the accuracy, efficacy, and reliability of
the measurement of greenhouse gas emissions;

(B) conduct research to create novel meas-
urement technologies and techniques for the
measurement of greenhouse gases;

(C) convene and engage with relevant Fed-
eral agencies and stakeholders to establish com-
mon definitions and characterizations for the
measurement of greenhouse gas emissions;

(D) conduct outreach and coordination to
share technical expertise with relevant industry
and non-industry stakeholders and standards
development organizations to assist such enti-
ties in the development of best practices and
technical standards for greenhouse gas measurements; and

(E) in coordination with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, develop such standard reference materials as the Director determines is necessary to further the development of such technical standards.

(3) TEST BEDS.—In coordination with the private sector, institutions of higher education, state and local governments, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Environmental Protection Agency, and other Federal agencies as appropriate, the Director may continue to develop and manage testbeds to advance measurement research and standards development for greenhouse gas emissions.

(4) GREENHOUSE GAS MEASUREMENT CENTER OF EXCELLENCE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in collaboration with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, and the heads of other Federal
agencies, as appropriate, shall award to an insti-
tution of higher education or an eligible non-
profit organization (or a consortium thereof),
on a merit-reviewed, competitive basis, funds to
establish a Center of Excellence in Greenhouse
Gas Measurement.

(B) COLLABORATIONS.—The Director
shall require, as a condition of receipt of the
award under this paragraph, that the activities
of the Center of Excellence include collaboration
among public and private organizations, includ-
ing institutions of higher education, nonprofit
organizations, private sector entities, and State,
tribal, territorial, and local officials.

(C) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Center
of Excellence shall be to—

(i) advance measurement science, data
analytics, and modeling to improve the ac-
curacy of greenhouse gas emissions meas-
urement, validation, and attribution;

(ii) test and evaluate the performance
of existing capabilities for the measure-
ment and validation of greenhouse gas
emissions;
(iii) educate and train students in measurement science, computational science, and systems engineering research relevant to greenhouse gas measurements;

(iv) foster collaboration among academic researchers, private sector stakeholders, and State, tribal, territorial, and local officials;

(v) support Institute test beds as described in subsection (a)(3); and

(vi) collaborate with other Federal agencies to conduct outreach and coordination to share technical expertise with relevant public and private sector stakeholders, including State, tribal, territorial, and local officials, to assist such entities in measuring greenhouse gas emissions.

(D) REQUIREMENTS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—An institution of higher education or an eligible nonprofit organization (or a consortium thereof) seeking funding under this subsection shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing
such information as the Director may re-
quire.

(ii) APPLICATIONS.—Each application
made under clause (i) shall include a de-
scription of—

(I) how the Center will work with
other research institutions, industry
partners, and State and local officials
to identify research, testing, and tech-
ical standards needs relevant to
greenhouse gas emissions;

(II) how the Center will promote
active collaboration among researchers
in multiple disciplines involved in the
measurement of greenhouse gas emis-
sions; and

(III) how the Center will share
technical expertise with relevant pub-
lic and private sector stakeholders, in-
cluding state and local officials, to as-
sist such entities in measuring green-
house gas emissions.

(iii) SELECTION AND DURATION.—
Each Center established under this section
is authorized to carry out activities for a
period of 5 years, renewable for an additional 5 years at the discretion of the Director, in consultation with other Federal agencies as appropriate.

SEC. 203. NIST AUTHORITY FOR CYBERSECURITY AND PRIVACY ACTIVITIES.

Section 2 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (16), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (16) through (27) as paragraphs (21) through (32), respectively; and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (15) the following:

“(16) support information security measures for the development and lifecycle of software and the software supply chain, including development of voluntary, consensus-based technical standards, best practices, frameworks, methodologies, procedures, processes, and software engineering toolkits and configurations;

“(17) support information security measures, including voluntary, consensus-based technical
standards, best practices, and guidelines, for the design, adoption and deployment of cloud computing services;

“(18) support research, development, and practical application to improve the usability of cybersecurity processes and technologies;

“(19) facilitate and support the development of a voluntary, consensus-based set of technical standards, guidelines, best practices, methodologies, procedures, and processes to cost-effectively ensure appropriate privacy protections for personally identifiable information in systems, technologies, and processes used by both the public and private sector;

“(20) support privacy measures, including voluntary, consensus-based technical standards, best practices, guidelines, metrology, and testbeds for the design, adoption and deployment of privacy enhancing technologies;”;

and

(2) in subsection (e)(1)(A)—

(A) in clause (viii), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) by redesigning clause (ix) as clause (x); and

(C) by inserting after clause (viii) the following:
“(ix) conduct reviews of and create
impact metrics for cybersecurity solutions
and capabilities developed by the Institute
for purposes of improvement; and’’.

SEC. 204. SOFTWARE SECURITY AND AUTHENTICATION.

(a) Vulnerabilities in Open Source Software.—The Director shall assess and assign severity
metrics to identified vulnerabilities with open source soft-
ware and produce voluntary guidance to assist the entities
that maintain open source software repositories to discover
and mitigate vulnerabilities.

(b) Artificial Intelligence-enabled Def-
enses.—The Director shall carry out research and test-
ing to improve the effectiveness of artificial intelligence-
enabled cybersecurity, including by generating optimized
data sets to train artificial intelligence defense systems
and evaluating the performance of varying network archi-
tectures at strengthening network security.

(c) Authentication of Institute Software.—
The Director shall ensure all software released by the In-
stitute is digitally signed and maintained to enable stake-
holders to verify its authenticity and integrity upon instal-
lation and execution.

(d) Assistance to Inspectors General.—The
Director shall provide technical assistance to improve the
education and training of individual Federal agency Inspectors General and staff who are responsible for the annual independent evaluation they are required to perform of the information security program and practices of Federal Agencies under section 3555 of title 44, United States Code.

SEC. 205. DIGITAL IDENTITY MANAGEMENT RESEARCH.

Section 504 of the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2014 (15 U.S.C. 7464) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 504. IDENTITY MANAGEMENT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall carry out a program of research to support the development of voluntary, consensus-based technical standards, best practices, benchmarks, methodologies, metrology, testbeds, and conformance criteria for identity management, taking into account appropriate user concerns—

“(1) to improve interoperability and portability among identity management technologies;

“(2) to strengthen identity proofing and verification methods used in identity management systems;

“(3) to improve privacy protection in identity management systems through authentication and security protocols; and
“(4) to monitor and improve the accuracy, usability, and inclusivity of identity management systems.

“(b) DIGITAL IDENTITY TECHNICAL ROADMAP.—
The Director, in consultation with other relevant Federal agencies and stakeholders from the private sector, shall develop and maintain a technical roadmap for digital identity management research and development focused on enabling the voluntary use and adoption of modern digital identity solutions that align with the four criteria in subsection (a).

“(c) DIGITAL IDENTITY MANAGEMENT GUIDANCE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall develop, and periodically update, in collaboration with other public and private sector organizations, common definitions and voluntary guidance for digital identity management systems.

“(2) GUIDANCE.—The Guidance shall—

“(A) align with the four criteria in subsection (a), as practicable;

“(B) provide case studies of implementation of guidance;

“(C) incorporate voluntary technical standards and industry best practices; and
“(D) not prescribe or otherwise require the
use of specific technology products or services.

“(3) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out this sub-
section, the Director shall consult with—

“(A) Federal and State agencies;
“(B) industry;
“(C) potential end-users and individuals
that will use services related to digital identity
verification; and
“(D) experts with relevant experience in
the systems that enable digital identity
verification, as determined by the Director.”.

SEC. 206. BIOMETRICS RESEARCH AND TESTING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the
Director, shall establish a program to support measure-
ment research to inform the development of best practices,
benchmarks, methodologies, procedures, and voluntary,
consensus-based technical standards for biometric identi-
fication systems, including facial recognition systems, to
assess and improve the performance of such systems. In
carrying out such program, the Director may—

(1) conduct research to support efforts to im-
prove the performance of biometric identification
systems, including in areas related to conformity as-
essment, image quality and interoperability,
contactless biometric capture technologies, and
human-in-the-loop biometric identification systems
and processes;

(2) convene and engage with relevant stake-
holders to establish common definitions and charac-
terizations for biometric identification systems, in-
cluding accuracy, fairness, bias, privacy, consent,
and other properties, taking into account definitions
in relevant international technical standards and
other publications;

(3) carry out research and testing on a range
of biometric modalities, such as fingerprints, voice,
iris, face, vein, behavioral biometrics, genetics,
multimodal biometrics, and emerging applications of
biometric identification technology;

(4) study the use of privacy-enhancing tech-
nologies and other technical protective controls to fa-
cilitate access to public data sets for biometric re-
search;

(5) conduct outreach and coordination to share
technical expertise with relevant industry and non-
industry stakeholders and standards development or-
organizations to assist such entities in the development
of best practices and voluntary technical standards;
(6) develop such standard reference artifacts as
the Director determines is necessary to further the
development of such voluntary technical standards.

(b) BIOMETRICS VENDOR TEST PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting
through the Director, shall carry out a test program
to provide biometrics vendors the opportunity to test
biometric identification technologies across a range
of modalities.

(2) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the program
under subsection (a), the Director shall—

(A) conduct research and regular testing to
improve and benchmark the accuracy, efficacy,
and bias of biometric identification systems, in-
cluding research and testing on demographic
variations, capture devices, presentation attack
detection, partially occluded or computer gen-
erated images, privacy and security designs and
controls, template protection, de-identification,
and comparison of algorithm, human, and com-
bined algorithm-human recognition capability;

(B) develop an approach for testing soft-
ware and cloud-based biometrics applications,
including remote systems, in Institute test fa-
cilities;
(C) establish reference use cases for biometric applications and performance criteria for assessing each use case, including accuracy and bias metrics;

(D) produce public-facing reports of the findings from such testing for a general audience; and

(E) conduct such other activities as deemed necessary by the Director.

(3) PARTNERSHIPS WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—In addition to such sums as may be authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to carry out this section, the Director may accept funds from other Federal departments and agencies and States and local governments to carry out activities under this subsection.

SEC. 207. FEDERAL BIOMETRIC PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.

Section 20 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g–3) is amended in subsection (b)—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “and” after the semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period and inserting “; and”;

(3)
(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(4) performance standards and guidelines for high risk biometric identification systems, including facial recognition systems, accounting for various use cases, types of biometric identification systems, and relevant operational conditions.”.

SEC. 208. PROTECTING RESEARCH FROM CYBER THEFT.

Section 2(e)(1)(A) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(e)(1)(A)), as amended by section 203(2), is further amended—

(1) in clause (ix), as added by section 203(2)(C), by striking “and” after the semicolon;

(2) by redesignating clause (x), as redesignated by section 203(2)(B), as clause (xi); and

(3) by inserting after clause (ix), as added by section 203(2)(C), the following:

“(x) consider institutions of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)); and”.

SEC. 209. DISSEMINATION OF RESOURCES FOR RESEARCH INSTITUTIONS.

(a) DISSEMINATION OF RESOURCES FOR RESEARCH INSTITUTIONS.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Di-
rector shall, using the authorities of the Director
under subsections (e)(15) and (e)(1)(A)(ix) of sec-
tion 2 of the National Institute of Standards and
Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272), as amended by sec-
tion 208, disseminate and make publicly available
resources to help qualifying institutions identify, as-
ssess, manage, and reduce their cybersecurity risk re-
lated to conducting research.

(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The Director shall en-
sure that the resources disseminated pursuant to
paragraph (1)—

(A) are generally applicable and usable by
a wide range of qualifying institutions;

(B) vary with the nature and size of the
qualifying institutions, and the nature and sen-
sitivity of the data collected or stored on the in-
formation systems or devices of the qualifying
institutions;

(C) include elements that promote aware-
ness of simple, basic controls, a workplace cy-
bersecurity culture, and third-party stakeholder
relationships, to assist qualifying institutions in
mitigating common cybersecurity risks;
(D) include case studies, examples, and scenarios studies of practical application;

(E) are technology-neutral and can be implemented using technologies that are commercial and off-the-shelf; and

(F) to the extent practicable, are based on international technical standards.

(3) NATIONAL CYBERSECURITY AWARENESS AND EDUCATION PROGRAM.—The Director shall ensure that the resources disseminated under paragraph (1) are consistent with the efforts of the Director under section 303 of the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2014 (15 U.S.C. 7451).

(4) UPDATES.—The Director shall review periodically and update the resources under paragraph (1) as the Director determines appropriate.

(5) VOLUNTARY RESOURCES.—The use of the resources disseminated under paragraph (1) shall be considered voluntary.

(b) OTHER FEDERAL CYBERSECURITY REQUIREMENTS.—Nothing in this section may be construed to supersede, alter, or otherwise affect any cybersecurity requirements applicable to Federal agencies.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
(1) QUALIFYING INSTITUTIONS.—The term “qualifying institutions” means institutions of higher education that are classified as either very-high research intensive (R1) or high research intensive (R2) status universities by the Carnegie Classification of Academic Institutions.

(2) RESOURCES.—The term “resources” means guidelines, tools, best practices, technical standards, methodologies, and other ways of providing information.

SEC. 210. ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH.

The National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating section 35 as section 36; and

(2) by inserting after section 34 the following:

“SEC. 35. ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.

“(a) ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in consultation with the Administrator of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, the Director of the National Science Foundation, and heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall carry out a program of measurement research
to inform the development of common definitions, benchmarks, best practices, methodologies, and voluntary, consensus-based technical standards for advanced communications technologies.

“(2) RESEARCH AREAS.—Research areas may include—

“(A) radio frequency emissions and interference, including technologies and techniques to mitigate such emissions;

“(B) advanced antenna arrays and artificial intelligence systems capable of operating advanced antenna arrays;

“(C) artificial intelligence systems to enable internet of things networks, immersive technology, and other advanced communications technologies;

“(D) network sensing and monitoring technologies;

“(E) technologies to enable spectrum flexibility and agility;

“(F) optical and quantum communications technologies;

“(G) security of advanced communications systems and their supply chains;

“(H) public safety communications;
“(I) resilient internet of things applications
for advanced manufacturing; and

“(J) other research areas deemed necessary by the Director.

“(3) TEST BEDS.—In coordination with the private sector and other Federal agencies as appropriate, the Director may develop and manage testbeds for research and development of advanced communications technologies, avoiding duplication of existing testbeds run by other agencies or the private sector.

“(4) OUTREACH.—In carrying out the activities under this subsection, the Director shall seek input from other Federal agencies and from private sector stakeholders, on an ongoing basis, to help inform research and development priorities, including through workshops and other multi-stakeholder activities.

“(5) TECHNICAL ROADMAPS.—In carrying out the activities under this subsection, the Director shall convene industry, institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, Federal laboratories, and other Federal agencies engaged in advanced communications research and development to develop, and periodically update, coordinated technical roadmaps for advanced communications research in
priority areas, such as those described in paragraph (2).

“(b) NATIONAL ADVANCED SPECTRUM AND COMMUNICATIONS TEST NETWORK.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in coordination with the Administrator of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration and heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall operate a national network of government, academic, and commercial test capabilities and facilities to be known as the National Advanced Spectrum and Commutations Test Network (referred to in this section as ‘NASCTN’).

“(2) PURPOSES.—NASCTN shall be for the purposes of facilitating and coordinating the use of intellectual capacity, modeling and simulation, laboratory facilities, and test facilities to meet national spectrum interests and challenges, including—

“(A) measurements and analyses of electromagnetic propagation, radio systems characteristics, and operating techniques affecting the utilization of the electromagnetic spectrum in coordination with specialized, related research and analysis performed by other Federal agencies in their areas of responsibility;
“(B) Conducting research and analysis in the general field of telecommunications sciences in support of the Institute’s mission and in support of other Government agencies;

“(C) developing methodologies for testing, measuring, and setting guidelines for interference;

“(D) conducting interference tests to better understand the impact of Federal and commercial spectrum activities;

“(E) conducting research and testing to improve spectrum interference tolerance, flexibility, and agility; and

“(F) other activities as deemed necessary by the Director.

“(3) PARTNERSHIPS WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—In addition to such sums as may be authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to carry out this section, the Director may accept funds from other departments and agencies of the Federal Government, and from the State and local governments, to operate NASCTN under this section.”.
SEC. 211. NEUTRON SCATTERING.

(a) Strategic Plan for the Institute Neutron Reactor.—The Director shall develop a strategic plan for the future of the Institute Center for Neutron Research after the current neutron reactor is decommissioned, including—

(1) a succession plan for the reactor, including a roadmap with timeline and milestones;

(2) conceptual design of a new reactor and accompanying facilities, as appropriate; and

(3) a plan to minimize disruptions to the user community during the transition.

(b) Coordination with the Department of Energy.—The Secretary, acting through the Director, shall coordinate with the Secretary of Energy on issues related to Federal support for neutron science, including estimation of long-term needs for research using neutron sources, and planning efforts for future facilities to meet such needs.

(c) Report to Congress.—Not later than 18 months after the enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to Congress the plan required under subsection (a), and shall notify Congress of any substantial updates to such plan in subsequent years.
SEC. 212. QUANTUM INFORMATION SCIENCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall continue to prioritize and carry out activities authorized in the National Quantum Initiative Act (15 U.S.C. 8801).

(b) QUANTUM RESEARCH.—Section 201(a) of the National Quantum Initiative Act (15 U.S.C. 8831) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by striking “and” at the end;

(2) in paragraph (4), striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon;

(3) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (4) as paragraphs (6) through (7); and

(4) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

“(3) shall carry out research to facilitate the development and standardization of quantum cryptography and post-quantum classical cryptography;

“(4) shall carry out research to facilitate the development and standardization of quantum networking and communications technologies and applications, including—

“(A) quantum repeater technology;

“(B) quantum network traffic management;

“(C) quantum transduction;
“(D) long baseline entanglement and
teleportation; and
“(E) such other technologies, processes, or
applications as the Director considers appro-
priate;
“(5) shall, for quantum technologies deemed by
the Director to be at a readiness level sufficient for
standardization, the Director shall provide technical
review and assistance to such other Federal agencies
as the Director considers appropriate for the devel-
opment of quantum network infrastructure stand-
ard;s”.

SEC. 213. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Director shall continue to support the develop-
ment of artificial intelligence and data science, and carry
out the activities of the National Artificial Intelligence Ini-
tiative Act of 2020 authorized in division E of the Na-
tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021
(Public Law 116–283), including through—

(1) expanding the Institute’s capabilities, in-
cluding scientific staff and research infrastructure;
(2) supporting measurement research and de-
development for advanced computer chips and hard-
ware designed for artificial intelligence systems;
(3) supporting the development of technical
standards and guidelines that promote safe and
trustworthy artificial intelligence systems;
(4) creating a framework for managing risks
associated with artificial intelligence systems; and
(5) developing and publishing cybersecurity
tools, encryption methods, and best practices for ar-
tificial intelligence and data science.

TITLE III—GENERAL ACTIVITIES

SEC. 301. NIST FACILITIES AND CONSTRUCTION.
(a) Ownership, Operation, and Leasing of Fa-
cilities.—Section 14 of the National Institute of Stand-
ard and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278d) is amended
by adding at the end the following:
“(c) Ownership, Operation, and Leasing of Fa-
cilities.—Within the limits of funds which are appro-
priated for the Institute, the Secretary is authorized to
own, operate, or lease research facilities in locations
throughout the United States and its territories in fur-
therance of its mission, provided that no agreement is en-
tered into to own, operate, or lease without first notifying
the appropriate Congressional Committees of jurisdic-
tion.”.
(b) FACILITIES MODERNIZATION FUND.—Section 14 of such Act (15 U.S.C. 278d), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) FACILITIES MODERNIZATION FUND.—

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund to be known as the ‘NIST Facilities Modernization Fund’ (hereafter in this section referred to as the ‘Fund’).

“(2) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts in the Fund shall be available to Secretary, acting through the Director, for Capital Projects on the Institute’s campuses for the modernization, renovation, and construction of research facilities needed to conduct leading edge scientific and technical research.

“(3) CONTENTS OF FUND.—The Funds shall consist of the following amounts:

“(A) Such amounts as may be appropriated by law.

“(B) Interest earned on the balance of the Fund.

“(4) AUTHORIZATION OF FUNDS.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated in section 302 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology for the Future Act of 2021 for the construction and renovation of facilities, $80,000,000 for each of the
fiscal years 2022 through 2026 shall be provided for
the Fund established in subsection (a).

“(5) CONTINUING AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—
Amounts in the Fund are available without regard
to fiscal year limitation.

“(6) NOTIFICATION TO COMMITTEES.—Upon
making any obligation or expenditure of any amount
in the Fund, the Secretary, through the Director,
shall notify the Committee on Science, Space, and
Technology of the House of Representatives, the
Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate of the amount and purpose of the obligation or expenditure.

“(7) NIST FACILITIES MODERNIZATION AND
MAINTENANCE PLAN.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—To carry out the pro-
gram authorized in subsection (d), the Sec-
retary, acting through the Director, shall de-
velop and submit to Congress a 5-year mod-
ernization and maintenance plan for the Insti-
tute’s campuses.
“(B) TIMING.—The modernization and maintenance plan required in subparagraph (A) shall be submitted to Congress not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of the National Institute of Standards and Technology for the Future Act of 2021, and an update shall be submitted to Congress annually thereafter.

“(C) COMPONENTS.—The plan required in subparagraph (A) shall include, with respect to the 5-year period beginning on the date of the submission or update, the following:

“(i) A list of Capital Construction Projects expected to be undertaken during such period, the core capabilities these facilities will provide, climate-resilience planning efforts, anticipated schedule of construction, and anticipated funding requirements.

“(ii) A list of planned utility infrastructure projects expected to be undertaken during such periods, anticipated schedule of construction, and anticipated funding requirements.
“(iii) A list of planned IT infrastructure projects expected to be undertaken during such period, anticipated schedule of construction, and anticipated funding requirements.

“(iv) A list of the deferred maintenance projects expected to be undertaken during such period, anticipated schedule of construction, anticipated funding requirements, and an evaluation of progress made in reducing the deferred maintenance backlog.”.

SEC. 302. EDUCATIONAL OUTREACH AND SUPPORT FOR UNDERREPRESENTED COMMUNITIES.

Section 18 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-1) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), in the second sentence—

(A) by striking “may” and inserting “shall”; and

(B) by striking “academia” and inserting “diverse types of institutions of higher education”; and

(2) in subsection (e)—

(A) in paragraph (4), by striking “and” at the end;
(B) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at the end and inserting ‘‘; and’’; and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:

“(6) conduct outreach to and develop research collaborations with historically black colleges and universities and minority-serving institutions, including through the recruitment of students and faculty at such institutions to participate in programs developed under paragraph (3); and

“(7) carry out other activities to increase the participation of persons historically underrepresented in STEM in the Institute’s programs.”.

SEC. 303. OTHER TRANSACTIONS AUTHORITY.

Section 2(b)(4) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(b)(4)) is amended to read as follows:

“(4) to enter into and perform such contracts, including cooperative research and development arrangements and grants and cooperative agreements or other transactions, as may be necessary in the conduct of its work and on such terms as it may deem appropriate, in furtherance of the purposes of this Act;’’.
SEC. 304. COLLABORATIONS WITH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES.

Section 8 of the National Bureau of Standards Authorization of Act for Fiscal Year 1983 (15 U.S.C. 275b) is amended—

(1) in the heading, by adding “AND WITH” after “PERFORMED FOR”;

(2) by striking “The Secretary of Commerce” and inserting “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce”;

(3) by inserting after “(15 U.S.C. 278b(e)).” the following: “The Secretary may accept, apply for, use, and spend Federal, State, and non-governmental funds to further the mission of the Institute without regard to the source or the period of availability of these funds as well as share personnel, associates, facilities, and property with these partner organizations, with or without reimbursement, upon mutual agreement.”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

“(b) REPORT.—For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2022, not later than 90 days after submission of the President’s annual budget request for such fiscal year, the Director shall submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the
Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee of Appropriations of the Senate a description of any appropriated funds, under this authority, carried over from the year in which such funds were appropriated.”.

SEC. 305. HIRING CRITICAL TECHNICAL EXPERTS.

Section 6 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 6. HIRING CRITICAL TECHNICAL EXPERTS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The officers and employees of the Institute, except the director, shall be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce at such time as their respective services may become necessary.

“(b) HIRING CRITICAL TECHNICAL EXPERTS.—Notwithstanding section 3104 of title 5 or the provisions of any other law relating to the appointment, number, classification, or compensation of employees, the Secretary of Commerce shall have the authority to make appointments of scientific, engineering, and professional personnel, and to fix the basic pay of such personnel at a rate to be determined by the Secretary at rates not in excess of the highest total annual compensation payable at the rate determined under section 104 of title 3. The Director shall appoint not more than 15 personnel under this section.
“(c) SUNSET.—The authority under section (b) shall expire on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this section.”.

SEC. 306. INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT.

(a) INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS ENGAGEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall lead information exchange and coordination among Federal agencies and communication from Federal agencies to the private sector of the United States to ensure effective Federal engagement in the development and use of international technical standards.

(2) REQUIREMENTS.—To support private sector-led engagement and ensure effective Federal engagement in the development and use of international technical standards, the Director shall consider—

(A) the role and needs of the Federal Government with respect to international technical standards;

(B) organizations developing international technical standards of interest to the United States, United States representation and influence in these organizations, and key contributors for technical and leadership expertise in these organizations;
(C) support for persons with domain subject matter expertise, especially from small businesses located in the United States, to influence and engage in technical standards leadership positions, working groups and meetings;

(D) opportunities for partnerships for supporting international technical standards from across the Federal Government, federally funded research and development centers, university-affiliated research centers, institutions of higher education, industry, industry associations, nonprofit organizations, and other key contributors;

(E) support for activities to encourage the adoption of technical standards developed in the United States to be adopted by international standards organizations; and

(F) other activities determined by the Director to be necessary to support United States participation in international standards development, economic competitiveness, and national security in the development and use of international technical standards.

(b) CAPACITY BUILDING GUIDANCE.—The Director shall support education and workforce development efforts
to promote United States participation in international standards organizations. The Director shall—

(1) identify and create, as appropriate, technical standards education and training resources for interested businesses, industry associations, academia, nonprofits, Federal agencies, and other relevant standards contributors, including activities targeted at integrating standards content into undergraduate and graduate curricula in science, engineering, business, public policy, and law;

(2) conduct outreach, including to private sector leaders, to support engagement by more United States stakeholders in international technical standards development; and

(3) other activities deemed necessary by the Director to support increased engagement, influence, and leadership of United States organizations in the development of international technical standards.

(c) CAPACITY BUILDING PILOT PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in coordination with the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall establish a 5-year pilot program to award grants, on a merit-reviewed,
competitive basis, to private sector entities or non-
profit institutions based in the United States to sup-
port increased participation by small business and
academic interests in international standards organi-
zations.

(2) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the pilot pro-
grams established in subsection (c), the Director
shall award competitive, merit-reviewed grants to
covered entities to cover the reasonable costs, up to
a specified ceiling set by the Director, of activities
supporting increased engagement and leadership of
employees of small businesses and faculty of institu-
tions of higher education or other nonprofit research
institutions with subject matter and technical expert-
tise necessary to be contributors in international
standards organizations.

(3) AWARD CRITERIA.—The Director may only
provide a grant under this section to an eligible re-
cipient that—

(A) demonstrates deep technical standards
expertise;

(B) demonstrates knowledge with the proc-
esses of the standards development organization
in which the recipient intends to engage using
grant funds;
(C) proposes a feasible set of standard deliverables to be completed over the period of the grant;

(D) explains how the recipient will fund the standards work supported by the grant if the grant funds are insufficient to cover all costs of the work; and

(E) commits personnel with appropriate expertise to engage in relevant international organizations responsible for developing technical standards over the period of the grant.

(4) ELIGIBILITY.—A small business concern (as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632) based in the United States, an institution of higher education (as defined by section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S. C. 1002)), or a nonprofit institution as defined in section 4(5) of the Stevenson-Wydler Act (15 U.S.C. 3703) shall be eligible to receive grants under this program.

(5) PRIORITIZATION.—The Director may prioritize grants awarded under this section to eligible recipients proposals for standards development that address clearly defined current or anticipated
market needs or gaps that would not be met without the grant.

(6) APPLICATION.—An eligible recipient seeking funding under subsection (c) shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require.

(7) MERIT REVIEW PROCESS.—Not later than 90 days after the enactment of this Act, the Director shall establish a merit review process, including the creation of merit review panels made of experts from government and the private sector, to evaluate the application under paragraph (6) to ensure applications submitted are reviewed in a fair, competitive, transparent, and in-depth manner.

(8) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out the pilot program established under subsection (c), the Director shall consult with other Federal agencies, private sector organizations, institutions of higher education, and nonprofit organizations to help inform the pilot program, including selection criteria, applicant disclosure requirements, grant amount and duration, and the merit review process.

(9) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Director shall brief Congress after the second year of the pilot pro-
gram and each year following that includes the following:

(A) An assessment of the effectiveness of the pilot program for improving the participation of United States small businesses, United States institutions of higher education, or other nonprofit research institutions in international standards organizations, including—

(i) the type of activities supported, including leadership roles;

(ii) the international standards organizations participated in; and

(iii) the technical areas covered by the activities.

(B) If deemed effective, a plan for permanent implementation of the pilot program.

SEC. 307. STANDARD TECHNICAL UPDATE.

(a) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY ACT UPDATES.—The National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271) is amended—

(1) in section 15—

(A) in subsection (b), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon;
(B) in subsection (g), by striking “and” after the semicolon; and

(C) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and (i) the protection of Institute buildings and other plant facilities, equipment, and property, and of employees, associates, or visitors, located therein or associated therewith, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the direction of such of the officers and employees of the Institute as the Secretary deems necessary in the public interest hereafter to carry firearms while in the conduct of their official duties, and the authorization of employees of contractors and subcontractors of the Institute who are engaged in the protection of property owned by the United States, and located at facilities owned by, leased, used or under the control of the United States, to carry firearms while in the conduct of their official duties, and, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary and approved by the Attorney General, the authorization of officers and employees of the Institute and of its contractors and subcontractors authorized to carry firearms hereafter to arrest without warrant for any offense against
the United States committed in their presence, or for any felony cognizable under the laws of the United States if they have reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony, provided that such authority to make arrests may be exercised only while guarding and protecting buildings and other plant facilities, equipment, and property owned or leased by, used or under the control of, the United States under the administration and control of the Secretary.”; and

(2) by amending section 17(a) to read as follows:

“(a) The Secretary is authorized, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to expend such sums, within the limit of appropriated funds, as the Secretary may deem desirable through direct support for activities of international organizations and foreign national metrology institutes with which the Institute cooperates to advance measurement methods, technical standards, and related basic technologies, for official representation, to host official receptions, dinners, and similar events, and to otherwise extend official courtesies, including transportation of foreign dignitaries and representatives of foreign national
metrology institutes to and from the Institute, for the purpose of maintaining the standing and prestige of the Department of Commerce and the Institute, through the grant of fellowships or other appropriate form of financial or logistical assistance or support to foreign nationals not in service to the Government of the United States while they are performing scientific or engineering work at the Institute or participating in the exchange of scientific or technical information at the Institute.”.

(b) **STEVENSON-WYDLER UPDATES.**—The Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3701) is amended—

(1) in section 17(c)(1)—

(A) by moving each of subparagraphs (D) and (E) two ems to the left; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(G) Community.”; and

(2) in section 23(a)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively; and

(B) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so redesignated, the following:

“(1) accept, apply for, use, and spend Federal, State, and nongovernmental acquisition and assistance funds to further the purposes of this Act as
well as share personnel, associates, facilities, and
property with these partner organizations, with or
without reimbursement, upon mutual agreement:

*Provided*, That the approving official may waive
statutory and regulatory administrative provisions so
that a single agency may administer a joint pro-
gram, upon mutual agreement;”.

(c) **American Innovation and Competitiveness**

*Act Update.*—Section 113 of the American Innovation
and Competitiveness Act (15 U.S.C. 278e note) is re-
pealed.

(d) **Federal Energy Management Improvement**

*Act Update.*—Section 4 of the Federal Energy Manage-
ment Improvement Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 5001) is
amended by striking “Secretary of Commerce” and “Sec-
retary” each place either such term appears and inserting
“Consumer Product Safety Commission”.

TITLE IV—HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP

SECTION 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF EXPANSION AWARDS PILOT PROGRAM AS A PART OF THE HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP.

The National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 25A (15 U.S.C. 278k–1) the following:

“SEC. 25B. EXPANSION AWARDS PILOT PROGRAM.

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—The terms used in this section have the meanings given the terms in section 25.

“(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director shall establish as a part of the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership a pilot program of expansion awards among participants described in subsection (c) of this section for the purposes described in subsection (e) of this section.

“(c) PARTICIPANTS.—Participants receiving awards under this section shall be Centers, or a consortium of Centers.

“(d) AWARD AMOUNTS.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, an award for a recipient under this section shall be in an amount equal to the sum of the following:
“(1) Such amount as the Director considers appropriate as a minimum base funding level for each award under this section.

“(2) Such additional amount as the Director considers in proportion to the manufacturing density of the region of the recipient.

“(3) Such supplemental amounts as the Director considers appropriate.

“(e) PURPOSE OF AWARDS.—An award under this section shall be made for one or more of the following purposes:

“(1) To provide coordinating services on employee engagement, including employee ownership and workforce training, including connecting manufacturers with career and technical education entities, institutions of higher education (including community colleges), workforce development boards, labor organizations, and nonprofit job training providers to develop and support training and job placement services, including apprenticeship and online learning platforms, for new and incumbent workers, programming to prevent job losses when adopting new technologies and processes, and development of employee ownership practices.
“(2) To provide services to improve the resiliency of domestic supply chains and to mitigate vulnerabilities to cyberattacks, including helping to offset the cost of cybersecurity projects for small manufacturers.

“(3) To expand advanced technology services to small- and medium-sized manufacturers, which may include—

“(A) developing advanced technology demonstration laboratories for training and demonstration in areas of supply chain and critical technology needs;

“(B) services for the adoption of advanced technologies, including smart manufacturing technologies and practices; and

“(C) establishing partnerships, for the development, demonstration, and deployment of advanced technologies, with—

“(i) national laboratories (as defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801));

“(ii) Federal laboratories;

“(iii) Manufacturing USA institutes (as described in section 34(d)); and

“(iv) institutions of higher education.
“(4) To build capabilities across the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership for domestic supply chain resiliency and optimization, including—

“(A) assessment of domestic manufacturing capabilities, expanded capacity for researching and deploying information on supply chain risk, hidden costs of reliance on offshore suppliers, redesigning products and processes to encourage reshoring, and other relevant topics; and

“(B) expanded services to provide industry-wide support that assists United States manufacturers with reshoring manufacturing to strengthen the resiliency of domestic supply chains, including in critical technology areas and foundational manufacturing capabilities that are key to domestic manufacturing competitiveness and resiliency, including forming, casting, machining, joining, surface treatment, and tooling.

“(f) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Director may reimburse Centers for costs incurred by the Centers under this section.

“(g) APPLICATIONS.—Applications for awards under this section shall be submitted in such manner, at such
time, and containing such information as the Director shall require in consultation with the Manufacturing Extension Partnership Advisory Board.

“(h) SELECTION.—

“(1) REVIEWED AND MERIT-BASED.—The Director shall ensure that awards under this section are reviewed and merit-based.

“(2) GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY.—The Director shall endeavor to have broad geographic diversity among selected proposals.

“(3) CRITERIA.—The Director shall select applications consistent with the purposes identified pursuant to subsection (e) to receive awards that the Director determines will achieve one or more of the following:

“(A) Improvement of the competitiveness of industries in the region in which the Center or Centers are located.

“(B) Creation of jobs or training of newly hired employees.

“(C) Promotion of the transfer and commercialization of research and technology from institutions of higher education, national laboratories, or other federally funded research programs, and nonprofit research institutes.
“(D) Recruitment of a diverse manufacturing workforce, including through outreach to underrepresented populations, including individuals identified in section 33 or section 34 of the Science and Engineering Equal Opportunities Act (42 U.S.C. 1885a, 1885b).

“(E) Any other result the Director determines will advance the objective set forth in sections 25(e) or 26.

“(i) PROGRAM CONTRIBUTION.—Recipients of awards under this section shall not be required to provide a matching contribution.

“(j) GLOBAL MARKETPLACE PROJECTS.—In making an award under this section, the Director, in consultation with the Manufacturing Extension Partnership Advisory Board and the Secretary, may take into consideration whether an application has significant potential for enhancing the competitiveness of small and medium-sized United States manufacturers in the global marketplace.

“(k) DURATION.—The Director shall ensure that the duration of an award under this section is aligned and consistent with a Center’s cooperative agreement established in section 25(e).

“(l) REPORT.—After the completion of the pilot program under subsection (b) and not later than October 1,
2024, the Director shall submit to Congress a report that includes—

“(1) a summary description of what activities were funded and the measurable outcomes of such activities;

“(2) a description of which types of activities under paragraph (1) could be integrated into, and supported under, the program under section 25;

“(3) a description of which types of activities under paragraph (1) could be integrated into, and supported under, the competitive awards program under section 25A; and

“(4) a recommendation, supported by a clear explanation, as to whether the pilot program should be continued.”.

SEC. 402. UPDATE TO MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP.

(a) ACCEPTANCE OF FUNDS.—Section 25(l) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k(l)) is amended to read as follows:

“(l) ACCEPTANCE OF FUNDS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to such sums as may be appropriated to the Secretary and Director to operate the Program, the Secretary and Director may also accept funds from other Federal de-
partments and agencies, as well as funds provided
by the private sector pursuant to section 2(e)(7) of
this Act (15 U.S.C. 272(e)(7)), to be available to the
extent provided by appropriations Acts, for the pur-
pose of strengthening United States manufacturing.

“(2) COMPETITIVE AWARDS.—Funds accepted
from other Federal departments and agencies and
from the private sector under paragraph (1) shall be
awarded competitively by the Secretary and by the
Director to Manufacturing Extension Partnership
Centers, provided that the Secretary and Director
may make non-competitive awards, pursuant to this
section or section 25A, or as a non-competitive con-
tract, as appropriate, if the Secretary and the Direc-
tor determine that—

“(A) the manufacturing market or sector
targeted is limited geographically or in scope;

“(B) the number of States (or territory, in
the case of Puerto Rico) with Manufacturing
Extension Partnership Centers serving manu-
facturers of such market or sector is five or
fewer; and

“(C) such Manufacturing Extension Part-
nership Center or Centers has received a posi-
tive evaluation in the most recent evaluation
conducted pursuant to subsection (g).”.

(b) INCLUSION OF CERTAIN SCHOOLS.—Section 25
of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act
(15 U.S.C. 278k) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (6), by striking “community colleges and area career and technical education schools” and inserting “secondary schools (as defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801)), community colleges, and area career and technical education schools, including those in underserved and rural communities,”; and

(B) in paragraph (7)—

(i) by striking “and local colleges” and inserting “local high schools and local colleges, including those in underserved and rural communities,”; and

(ii) by inserting “or other applied learning opportunities” after “apprenticeships”; and

(2) in subsection (d)(3), by striking “, community colleges, and area career and technical edu-
cation schools,” and inserting “and local high schools, community colleges, and area career and technical education schools, including those in underserved and rural communities,”.